

Future Meetings

World Wood Day Symposium, March 21-24, 2018 in Angkor Wat, Cambodia

The main celebration of 2018 World Wood Day (WWD) will take place at Angkor Wat, Cambodia. The event will be celebrated from March 20 to 25, and it comprises the Symposium, Woodcrafts, Folk Art Workshops, a Music Festival, Wood Design Projects, a Children's Event, and Tree Planting. The theme of the 6th annual WWD is to demonstrate some of the roles and importance of wood and non-timber forest products in supporting our daily lives, and to connect representatives of wood-related professionals from all around the world. Please check <http://www.worldwoodday.org>

European Geosciences Union (EGU) Session, April 8-13, 2018, Vienna

Veronica De Micco, Giovanna Battipaglia, Francesco Ripullone and Jesus Julio Camarero are convening a session "Mediterranean forests under pressure: current knowledge and future science directions" at the EGU General Assembly 2018 (European Geosciences Union - EGU2018) that will take place on April 08-13, 2018 in Vienna, Austria. The session focuses on efforts to improve our current understanding of how Mediterranean forest ecosystems respond to changes in climate and to increasing occurrence of extreme events such as heat waves and severe drought stress.

<http://meetingorganizer.copernicus.org/EGU2018/session/27624>

Veronica De Micco, Italy

TRACE 2018 Meeting, April 24-27, 2018 in Greifswald, Germany

TRACE (Tree Rings in Archaeology, Climatology and Ecology) is the annual meeting of the Association for Tree-Ring Research. The upcoming TRACE 2018 meeting will take place in Greifswald, Germany, on April 24-27, 2018. The conference seeks to build bridges and facilitate knowledge exchange between the different scientific disciplines working with tree rings. More info on this event can be found at

<http://www.trace2018.com>

Eryuan Liang, China

Dendro Intensive Summer Courses, May 14 - June 1, 2018 at the University of Arizona, USA

Dendro Intensive Summer Courses (DISC) will be organized at the Laboratory of Tree-Ring Research at the University of Arizona, Tucson Arizona, USA, from May 14 to June 1, 2018. Three concurrent (two-week) intensive courses in the topic areas of dendroclimatology, dendroecology and dendroarchaeology will be offered. <http://ltr.arizona.edu/summerschool>

Eryuan Liang, China

Wood Formation and Tree Adaptation to Climate, May 23-25, 2018 in France

The conference "Wood Formation and Tree Adaptation to Climate", to be held May 23-25 in Orléans (France) aims at gathering experts from different disciplines to present, exchange and discuss their recent advancements related to a better understanding of plant adaptation to climate, with special focus on trees. It will include five successive sessions: environmental and/or genetic control of wood formation; methodological developments for the study of wood formation and tree adaptation to climate; potential adaptive wood traits, future selection traits: which and why; ecophysiological approaches to wood functioning; wood / Climate modeling and information systems. Abstracts should be submitted before March 5, 2018. <http://www.lestudium-ias.com/event/wood-formation-and-tree-adaptation-climate>

Eryuan Liang, China

The 10th World Dendro Conference, June 10-15, 2018 in Bhutan

The 10th World Dendro Conference will be held on June 10-15, 2018 in Thimphu, Bhutan. In addition to the traditional session topics in Dendrochronology, this tree-ring conference will extend a special invitation to those working in developing countries, and on climate change impacts in mountain environments. In addition to the conference, the program offers a Pre-conference field week from June 2-9, Pre-conference workshops (2 concurrent programs) on June 9, and Post-conference excursions (optional) from June 16-21. Please check: <https://www.geog.cam.ac.uk/events/worlddendro2018>

Eryuan Liang, China

Plasticity in Plant Vascular Systems: Roles, Limits and Consequences, June 17-22, 2018, USA

This is the second annual meeting of the Gordon Research Conference on Multiscale Plant Vascular Biology, to be held in West Dover, Vermont, USA from June 17-22, 2018. This conference will focus on the roles and limits of phenotypic plasticity and trait variation in plant vascular systems on plants, populations, and ecosystems at multiple scales. Specific topics of interest to IAWA members include vessel development, tree ring plasticity, vessel dimensions and scaling relationships, and the evolution of woodiness, among others. Confirmed speakers include Anna Jacobsen (California State University, USA), Lenka Plavcova (University of Hradec Králová, Czech Republic) and Frederic Lens (Naturalis Biodiversity Center, The Netherlands). Applications are due May 20, 2018. More information can be found at <https://www.grc.org/multiscale-plant-vascular-biology-conference/2018/>

Rachel Spicer, USA

5th International Training School in Quantitative Wood Anatomy

The 5th International Training School in Quantitative Wood Anatomy using ROXAS (optional) from samples to data, will take place from June 25 to 29, 2018 at San Vito di Cadore (BL), Italy. The event is organized by the TeSAF Department, University of Padova and the WSL Dendrosciences Group.

<http://intra.tesaf.unipd.it/Sanvito/home.asp>

The Biology of Wood: from Cell to Trees, July 10-12, 2018, USA

The 42nd New Phytologist Symposium will be held in Lake Tahoe, California, USA from July 10-12, 2018. The symposium will focus on the structure, function and development of wood at variety of scales and is being organized by Andrew Groover (USDA Forest Service and University of California, Davis) and Shawn Mansfield (University of British Columbia). Session topics include anatomy, physiology and biochemistry; cell biology; ecology and evolution; and genomics and bioinformatics. Confirmed speakers include Lacy Samuels (Keynote speaker, University of British Columbia), Taku Demura (NARA Institute of Science and Technology, Japan), Juan Du (Zhejiang University, China), Noel Michele Holbrook (Harvard University, USA) and Hannele Tuominen (Umeå University, Sweden). Limited grants are available for early career researchers with an application deadline of April 5th, 2018. The deadline for poster abstract submission is May 3, 2018. For more details and registration, please visit

<https://www.newphytologist.org/symposia/42>

Rachel Spicer, USA

IAWA Symposium “100 years of Bailey Trends – Wood Evolution, Function and Future” at Botany 2018, July 21-25, 2018, Minnesota, USA

This symposium commemorates the centennial anniversary of the publication of Bailey and Tupper's classical paper “Size variation in tracheary cells: I. A comparison between the secondary xylems of vascular cryptogams, gymnosperms and angiosperms”. The symposium will include presentations on the evolutionary trends in secondary xylem, the ecophysiological context driving wood evolution, the evolution of pit structure and other functional xylem traits, evolution of secondary woodiness and future directions of wood anatomical research in the Anthropocene. IAWA members are encouraged to submit abstracts on topics related to this symposium to the Structural – Developmental section of the Botanical Society of America (BSA). Confirmed speakers are Pieter Baas, Ned Friedman, Frederic Lens,

Elisabeth Wheeler, and Kasia Zieminska. Please check the Botanical Society of America web page for updated information <https://botany.org>, <https://www.facebook.com/IAWA-134228139984567>

Elisabeth Wheeler, USA

10th European Palaeobotany & Palynology Conference (EPPC), August 12-17, 2018, University College Dublin

IAWA will sponsor a general session "Fossil Woods: New Results and Perspective." Conveners are Anais Boura, Université Pierre et Marie Curie, Paris, France, and Anne-Laure Decombeix, CNRS-UMR AMAP, Montpellier, France, focusing on several aspects of the study of fossil wood and bark anatomy, ranging from the description of new taxa to the use of wood to reconstruct the diversity, biology, and/or environment of fossil plants. We also invite contributions that aim to move forward the taxonomy of fossil woods, introduce new methods of analysis, or advance the conservation of fossil specimens and sites. Studies that focus more specifically on the timing and phylogeny of functional traits in wood can be submitted in our sister IAWA sponsored symposium "The Timing and Phylogeny of Functional Traits in Wood." Conveners are Lisa Boucher, University of Texas, USA, and Nathan Jud, Cornell University, USA. This session will focus on aspects of the timing and phylogenetic placement of functional traits in the evolution of secondary xylem including, but not limited to: trends in the appearance of traits in the fossil record; combinations of characters in phylogenetic lineages; novel traits as adaptations to environmental or niche shifts; evolution of trait correlations; and phylogenetic constraints on wood evolution.

Please check: <http://eppc2018.ie/call-for-abstracts>

Elisabeth Wheeler, USA

IAWS Plenary Meeting, October 15-19, 2018, Guadalajara, Mexico

The next IAWS (International Academy of Wood Science) Plenary Meeting will take place in Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico, during the week October 15-19, 2018. The meeting will be sponsored and hosted by the Department of Wood, Cellulose and Paper, "Ing. Karl Augustin Grellmann", University of Guadalajara. This IAWS meeting will be associated with the local organizations and IAWA. It will be the first time the IAWS has had a meeting in Mexico. The program under development includes such technical topics as biorefining, nanotechnology, wood physics, wood chemistry, anatomy, genetics, composites and durability, and marketing. This is a good opportunity to share and advance our knowledge of all aspects of wood science while immersed in the rich history and culture of Mexico.

Robert Evans, Australia

Meeting Reports

1st Forum of Amazon Wood Anatomists (FAMAZON) in Belém, Pará, November 22-24, 2017

In order to strengthen wood anatomy, the 1st FAMAZON congregated at the Center of Natural Sciences and Technology from Pará State University in the city of Belém, approximately 120 participants among academics, curators of wood scientific collections, professionals linked to Amazonian wood inspection, forestry businessmen, represented by the Association of Timber Exporting Industries of the State of Pará and professionals with expertise related to the anatomy and identification of tropical timber.

At the occasion, the great wood anatomists of the region were honored for their valuable scientific contributions to the development of research, training of human resources, and dedication to the wood collections. The state of art of the wood anatomy in the Amazon presented a very favorable scenario for the growth of research, due to the significant increase of professionals working in the area. In the strategic planning, actions were established in the scope of certification, research and wood collections with the goals of: 1) strengthening the Amazonian tropical timber trade through the implementation of the sawn lumber identification service by mapping the available technologies for identification that can be applied immediately and by intensive and continuous training in the identification of tropical timber; 2) carrying out technology transfer of research results to the market with the development of applied research,

strengthening of laboratories and creation of a Postgraduate Program in Wood Science and Technology in the Amazon; and, 3) strengthening existing wood collections and creating new collections, through the formation of a network of Amazonian xylaria.

In addition to the presentation of scientific papers, workshops on anatomy and identification of tropical woods, microtomy and formation of academic leagues were held. By 2019, anatomists will meet again to present the outcome of planned actions and to set new goals. The actions of the 1st FAMAZON and information about the planning for the 2nd Forum can be obtained at the website

<http://www.famazon.net.br>

Cláudia V. Urbinati, Brazil



Tribute to the wood anatomists of the Amazon. From the left: Msc. Eunice Macedo, Dr. Cláudia Urbinati, Msc. Joaquim Ivanir Gomes of the EMBRAPA Eastern Amazon (honored), Dr. Pedro Luiz Braga Lisboa of the Emílio Goeldi Museum (honored) and Esp. Francisco Vasconcellos of the National Research Institute of the Amazon (honored), Dr. Fernanda Ilkiu and Mr. Sebastião Junior

The 4th IAWA-China Group Annual Meeting at Zhang-Jia-Gang, China, November 25-26, 2017

The fourth IAWA-China Group Annual Meeting was held at Zhang-Jia-Gang city, China, on November 25-26, 2017, organized by the Entry-Exit Inspection and Quarantine Bureau of Zhang-Jia-Gang. In total, about 100 participants from more than 30 universities, research institutes and wood production inspection related research centers attended the meeting and discussed the topics 'Innovating the research on wood anatomy and promoting sustainable development and utilization of forest resources'. 22 IAWA members presented their current research data on wood formation, multiple techniques for wood identification, preservation of archaeological wood, identification of endangered species and sustainable utilization of wood resources. Beginning this year, the annual meeting of IAWA-China Group set up the Excellent Presentation Award to students, and one student each from the Southwest Forest University, Fujian Agriculture and Forestry University, and Nanjing Forestry University of China were the recipients this year. The fifth IAWA-China Group annual meeting will be held in November 2018, at Fujian Agricultural and Forestry University, Fuzhou, China.

Shengcheng Zhai, China



12th Joint Seminar of China-Korea-Japan on Wood Quality and Utilization, December 18-20, Japan

On December 18-20 2017, the 12th Joint Seminar of China-Korea-Japan on Wood Quality and Utilization of Domestic Species (CKJ Seminar) was held at Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan. The aim of this seminar series, initiated in 2006, was to provide a platform for researchers to meet and exchange the latest research results related to the wood quality and utilization of domestic species. Around 80 researchers from different institutes, universities, and companies joined this seminar. On the last day, most of the participants went on a technical tour that included a Japanese sake brewery and a Kitayama sugi (local *Cryptomeria japonica*) forest site, and experienced the essence of Japanese traditions. We believe that through this seminar wood researchers share the importance of technological advancements on their daily research, and how this improves our understanding of that impact. The 13th CKJ seminar will be held in Nanjing Forestry University, Nanjing, China in 2018. We hope that the CKJ seminar will continue to be a good chance for all of us from Asian countries to understand wood in many aspects.

Suyako Tazuru-Mizuno, Japan



5th Academic Symposium on Dendrochronology of China, January 18-21, 2018, Harbin

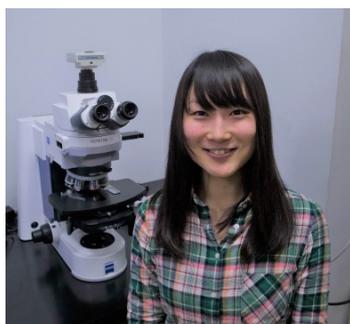
The 5th Academic Symposium on Dendrochronology of China focusing on “Tree Rings, Forest Ecology - Climate and Environmental Changes” was held in Harbin, China, on January 18-21st, 2018. It was organized by Northeast Forestry University, Institute of Earth Environment of Chinese Academy of Sciences (CAS), Institute of Botany of CAS, Shenyang Agricultural University and Institute of Applied Ecology of CAS. The conference aimed to strengthen communication and cooperation among tree ring researchers in China and neighbouring countries, and to better understand the changing global environment and human cultures via dendrochronology science. More than 280 participants discussed the present and future of dendrochronology with topics ranging from dendroclimatology, forest ecology and glaciology, to wood anatomy, dendroarchaeology and tree physiology. In total, more than 90 oral presentations and 17 posters were presented, covering many different aspects of tree ring research. The conference also provided a one-day excursion to the upper treeline to Snow Kingdom-Mudanjiang, Heilongjiang, China.

Photo by Xiaochun Wang, China



Miscellaneous News

I.W. Bailey Award 2017 for Hiromi Shibui



Winner: Hiromi Shibui



Runner-up: Nathan A. Jud

The five submissions for the I.W. Bailey Award 2017 for best manuscript submitted to and/or published in the IAWA Journal were judged by a panel of editors of the IAWA Journal composed of Pieter Baas, Veronica De Micco, Lloyd Donaldson, Elisabeth Robert, Uwe Schmitt, and Michael C. Wiemann. The award consisting of 1000 EUR sponsored by Brill Publishers and an IAWA certificate goes to Hiromi Shibui for her paper on “Structure and formation of phellem of *Betula maximowicziana*”, co-authored by Yuzou Sano (IAWA Journal 39 (2018) 18-36, published on internet in 2017). The judges praised this paper for its high quality and originality, and for the fact that it is technically very impressive, using light and electron microscopy of bark tissues that are notoriously difficult to study. The seasonality in phellogen activity was elegantly demonstrated. In good second place was [the paper by Nathan A. Jud entitled “Fossil woods from the Cenozoic of Panama (Azuer Peninsula) reveal an ancient Neotropical rain-forest” co-authored by J. I. Dunham (IAWA Journal 38: 366-411). This paper was praised for its convincing paleoclimate reconstruction based on functional traits of the fossil woods.

Our congratulations go to Hiromi Shibui and Nathan Jud. Nominations for the I.W. Bailey Award 2018 are invited until 15 September this year.

Pieter Baas, Netherlands

In Memoriam Herbert Süß

Professor Herbert Süß, Berlin, Germany, a long-time member of our Association passed away on 20 November 2017 at the age of 97. Dr. Süß was a famous paleobotanist and wood anatomist, who will also be remembered for his very kind personality. He was actively studying fossil woods until last year.

Pieter Baas, Netherlands

Massive Open Online Course (MOOC) on Wood Anatomy

A MOOC (Massive Open Online Course) on Wood Anatomy (in French with English subtitles) started on 22 January 2018. The first goal of this MOOC is to link wood as tree tissue and wood as a material in human life. Wood anatomy is at the crossroads of these two worlds, i.e. the cell structure which gives an understanding of nearly all the properties of the wood. The second MOOC goal is learning to recognize wood at two different scales - under the microscope and by naked eye. This MOOC is divided into 5 weeks with each focusing on one topic. The first week will focus most-ly on the functions of wood in the tree and the second week on its chemical makeup and formation. These biological notions are connected to the technological properties of lumber as a material. During the third week, the anatomy of softwoods is described and during the fourth week, the anatomy of hardwoods, both in order to identify wood on a microscopic scale. The fifth week is dedicated to the identification of the main types of wood on a macroscopic scale, or to the naked eye. Animations and videos illustrate the various notions. At the end of each chapter, there will be a quiz and the answers will be available as well as additional explanations. An evaluation will be provided at the end of every week and at the end of the MOOC, A team of teachers will be available throughout the MOOC to answer your questions.

<https://www.fun-mooc.fr/courses/course-v1:lorraine+30003+session03/about>

Marie-Christine Trouy, France

IAWA Special Issue 2018 on Wood Cell Wall Ultrastructure

IAWA Journal is planning a special issue on “Wood Cell Wall Ultrastructure” to be edited by Dr. Lloyd Donaldson of New Zealand. This issue is expected to be published in the second half of 2018. IAWA members and others are invited to contribute reviews or original research articles relating to the nano-structure of wood cell walls.

To assist with planning, please contact the editor at lloyd.donaldson@scionresearch.com to indicate your interest. Manuscripts can be submitted in the usual way with an indication in your cover letter that the manuscript is for the special issue.

Lloyd Donaldson, New Zealand

IAWA Special Issue “From xylogenesis to tree-rings in biology, ecology, forestry and urban trees”

As an output of the International Summer School “Dendroecology, Quantitative Wood Anatomy and Stable Isotopes: from xylogenesis to tree rings”, IAWA is preparing a special issue of IAWA Journal, including papers on subjects studied in the course and widening the interest through an interdisciplinary approach towards other applied fields such as management of urban trees. As suggested by the title of this special issue “From xylogenesis to tree-rings in biology, ecology, forestry and urban trees”, articles (either reviews, methodological or research papers) are welcome on many aspects of tree-ring research. Guest Editors are: Pieter Baas, Giovanna Battipaglia, Jesus Julio Camarero, Chiara Cirillo, Veronica De Micco.

Veronica De Micco, Italy

Comparative and Evolutionary Genomics of Angiosperm Trees

Andrew Groover and Quentin Cronk (Eds.) © 2017 Springer International Series: Plant Genetics and Genomics: Crops and Models Vol 21.

This recent book should be of interest to many IAWA members because it takes a comparative evolutionary approach to tree genomics. Sections cover the evolution and diversification of angiosperm trees, advanced and emerging model angiosperm tree species, structural features and evolutionary histories of angiosperm tree genomes, and the genomics of a wide range of traits. 366 pages; 133 b/w illustrations, 27 illustrations in colour. DOI 10.1007/978-3-319-49329-9.

Rachel Spicer, USA

Browsing through the largest wood collection in the world at the Naturalis Biodiversity Center

Nearly all institutional wood collections in the Netherlands – except for the Groningen collection – have been merged with the Leiden wood collection (Lw) in the Dutch Natural History Museum, called Naturalis Biodiversity Center (Naturalis). In addition to the original Leiden wood collection, Naturalis now also incorporates the subcollections previously housed in Amsterdam (RTlw), Delft (Dw), Utrecht (Uw) and Wageningen (WAGw, including WIBw and WLw), amounting to about 125,000 specimens covering at least 4000 genera and close to 25,000 species. We also have circa 50,000 microscopic wood slides. Currently, our wood collection is stored in a contemporary depot until the new research building of Naturalis is completed, probably at end of 2018-early 2019. Therefore, the wood collection has limited access at the moment, causing delays in specimen exchange requests. The move will be also used to spatially rearrange the separate subcollections into one integrated wood collection according to the Angiosperm Phylogeny Group classification.

Recent digitisation efforts of a few major collections of Naturalis, covering in total 7.4 million of about 42 million specimens of plants, animals and rocks/minerals, has recently resulted in an updated version of our BioPortal website allowing scientists from all over the world to specifically search for wood specimens in Naturalis via <http://bioportal.naturalis.nl/?language=en&back>

Since the Bioportal comprises much more than only wood samples, there are a number of options you need to select in order to retrieve only wood samples in your query. First, click on the symbol for advanced searches (triangle pointing downwards). When doing this, three major fields arise, of which ‘Specimens’ is the desired one. Under specimens, the subfields that are of interest are ‘Scientific name’,

'Common name', 'Family', 'Genus', 'Epithet', 'Part(s) or type of material', 'Locality'. Under 'Part(s) or type of material', the only fields that are relevant for wood searches are 'Wood sample' and 'Microscopic slide: Anatomy'. When doing a multiple search, do not forget to select 'And', which is the standard option in the BioPortal.

For instance, if you want to search for *Fagus sylvatica* ('Scientific name'), you will find 15 wood samples ('Wood sample' under 'Part(s) or type of material' and 'And' option) and 76 microscopic slides ('Microscopic slide: Anatomy' under 'Part(s) or type of material' and 'And' option). When all the available wood specimens are found, you can further click on the registration number (often starting with 'L' or 'U') to find information about collection date, collector and collector number and locality. For the microscopic slides, you can also see an overview picture of the slide under 'Multimedia'. The microscopic slides are generally not for loan due to their fragile nature.

When finding interesting wood specimens, you can request wood specimens with their registration number and other available information via email to christel.schollaardt@naturalis.nl.

Frederic Lens, Netherlands

CITES Timber Identification Working Group Invites IAWA to Participate

The accurate identification of timber, particularly for tree species regulated by the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES), is a major obstacle to the control of illegal timber in international trade. Growing concern over illegal acquisition and trade of forest products led the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) to raise the issue within the framework of the International Consortium on Combating Wildlife Crime (ICWC) during the 17th meeting of the CITES Conference of the Parties (Johannesburg, 2016). At that meeting, the UNODC proposed a set of Decisions directed to CITES Parties, to the Plants Committee, and to the CITES Secretariat, aimed at strengthening the development and use of tools and technologies to address illicit trafficking of timber and improving identification of CITES-listed and look-alike tree species.

In response, at the 23rd meeting of the CITES Plants Committee (Geneva, 2017), a working group on timber identification was established, comprised of members of the Plants Committee, CITES Parties and IGOs and NGOs. The IAWA has been invited to participate in the working group as a scientific expert observer.

Among the various and emerging technologies available for identifying timber, wood anatomy remains important, even if it is not always possible to reach to the species level. Despite the advancement of other identification techniques such as chemical analysis and genetics, the initial identification of wood and wood samples, by skilled wood anatomists, is indispensable. Macroscopic wood anatomical identification is the method most employed for assisting law enforcement officers in rapid field identification of timber shipments in trade. To deliver this operational assistance requires a professional wood anatomist, equipped with resources such as identification keys, interactive reference databases and training programs.

According to the Best Practice Guide for Forensic Timber identification (UNODC, 2016) anatomically-based wood identification can be a successful and efficient identification method if appropriate training and ongoing proficiency testing are employed. The maintenance of scientifically-based wood sample collections in accordance with current best practices regarding collection, curation and facilitation of exchange of reference material, is also noted as an essential element in the development of wood identification methodologies and for differentiating lookalike species (a capacity of particular importance to the implementation of CITES).

All of this considered, the IAWA's support to the CITES Timber Identification Working Group will be fundamental to successful implementation of the working group's mandate and the Working Group welcomes the IAWA's participation.

Vera Rauber Coradin (Brazil) and Ken Farr (Canada)
Co-Chairs of the Working Group

New Members Elected to IAWA Council (2018-2010)

The election of IAWA council members (2018-2020) was completed by the IAWA Executive Secretary office (Beijing) in accordance with the IAWA Constitution, and twelve IAWA Council members have been elected based on the votes. The new IAWA Council members (in alphabetical order) are Claudia Barros (Brazil), Marco Carrer (Italy), Geoffrey Daniel (Sweden), Emmanuel Ebanyenle (Ghana), Holger Gärtner (Switzerland), Immo Heinz (Germany), Eryuan Liang (China), Alexei Oskolski (South Africa), Marcelo Pace (Mexico), Biao Pan (China), Rachel Spicer (USA) and Utsumi Yasuhiro (Japan). These Council members are from different continents (2 members from Africa, 3 members from Americas, 3 members from Asia and 4 members from Europe) and will work together to promote IAWA development. Council members serve a three-year term, with the possibility to be re-elected to a second continuous term.

Outgoing and Incoming Editors of the IAWA Journal

Imogen Poole and Oliver Dünisch have resigned as associate editors of the IAWA Journal. We thank them very much for all their good work for the Journal over many years. We are very happy that from 2018 Shuichi Noshiro, formerly from FFPRI Tsukuba, currently from Tokyo, has joined the team of Associate Editors.

Lloyd Donaldson and Marcelo Pace were nominated as candidates of the Editors-in-Chief of the IAWA Journal and won the official approval of the IAWA Council. We are very happy to have found them prepared to succeed Pieter Baas and Elisabeth Wheeler as Editors-in-Chief of the IAWA Journal. After a transitional period they will assume their tasks in the course of 2019. Lloyd has a long standing as an active Associate Editor of the IAWA Journal, and Marcelo was a co-editor of the IAWA Barklist (2016).

IAWA Website is being transferred to Madison, USA

After more than a year of multiple attempts to transfer the IAWA domain name (iawa-website.org) from the Naturalis Biodiversity Center, Netherlands to China and further to build a new IAWA website (iawa-website1.org) in China, the IAWA domain name will be transferred to Madison, USA with help of Alex Wiedenhoeft. During the transition period information on the IAWA website will not be updated. Please refer to our quarterly periodical Newsletter for the latest IAWA Association affairs and Wood Anatomy news.

Call for Newsletter Items

Please send any news items you wish to share with the whole IAWA Membership to the Newsletter editor Yafang Yin (yafang@caf.ac.cn). Alex Wiedenhoeft and Emma van Nieuwkoop are acknowledged to provide their help on edit of the Newsletter

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